PRICE ONE CENT.

EVENING EDITION.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1887.

EVENING EDITION.

# PRICE ONE CENT.

WAR DECLARED ON HUSTED.

ASSEMBLYMAN COLE BOSS PLATTS CANDI-DATE FOR SPEAKER.

The Bald Engle Sharpens His Benk and Winks Undismayed—Some City Members Already Pledged—Both Candidates Conducting a Hot Canvass They Drop in on Mr. Depew and "Shed" Shook.

Platt has issued his flat. The slate is Aspenablyman Frement Cole, of Schuyler, for Speaker and Senator H. R. Low for President pro tem. of the Upper House.

The conferences of Republican statesmer

and legislators with Boss Platt at the Fifth Avenue Hotel during the past two days have resulted in a declaration of war against Gen. James W. Husted, Every Republican member of the Assembly elect will be visited within the next few days by accredited within the next few days by accredited agents of Boss Piatt, and Mr. Cole leaves the city this evening for a campaign tour. His friends are very sanguine of his success. Since his arrival in New York, last Tuesday, he has received the promise of the votes of Davis and Saxton, of Wayne County. Ernest Crosby, the pride of the Twenty-first Assembly District, has enlisted in his cause and will, if Cole handles the gavel, be Chairman of the Committee on Internal Affairs. Robert Ray Hamilton will make no pledges, but under no circumstances will he support Gen. Husted. Ex-Justice B. T. Morgan, of the Seventh District, is at present on the fence, but will jump as directed by Senator Cornelius Van Cott.

The great and only James W. Husted is undaunted as of yore, and winks his left eye when asked if he will be re-elected Speaker. Then the redoubtable and copyrighted member from Peekskill shows a bundle of letters with the remark, "Unsolicited pledges from members elect. Exhibit A."

Yesterday afternoon young Fremont Cole called upon Mr. Chauncey M. Depew at the Grand Central Depot. While Mr. Cole was congratulating Mr. Depew on his Chamber of Commerce speech, in walked Gen. Husted. Mr. Cole looked at Gen. Husted and Gen. Husted glanced at Mr. Cole. They were both so surprised at meeting there that neither could speak for a moment.

"Mr. Schnyler, of Cole, I believe," ejaculated Gen. Husted, as he tried to smile away his surprise.

"Gen. Westchester, of Husted," replied Mr. Cole, "how are you?"

"Gentlemen," put in Mr. Depew, turning around in his revolving chair, "am I intruding upon the caucus?"

"Oh, no," laughingly responded the two candidates.

"I never knew that he ever dropped," said Gen. Husted as he droked his head lebind. agents of Boss Piatt, and Mr. Cole leaves

candidates.
"I never knew that he ever dropped," said
Gen. Husted as he ducked his head behind
last evening's Worn.
"I will be the next Speaker, General," and

Mr. Cole began toying with a pen.
"Coole, be a good boy, return to
Schuyler, stay there until Jan. 1, and I'll
put you at the tail end of the Committee on
Salt," and Gen, James W. adjusted his scarf-

the Morton House to see Sheridan Shook.
While he was waiting for Mr. Shook, young
Mr. Cole's form loomed up.
"Ah, Cole, on your way downtown?"
"Yes. I just walked down from the Fifth
Avenue. The cars are all crowded. Came in
to get a glass of apollinaris. What will you
have?"

Ten minutes afterwards Mr. Cole and Gen. Husted were walking arm in arm across

Husted were walking arm in arm across Union Square.

"As long as you have raised the issue, why I'll have to take brandy."

Mr. Shook hove in sight, and as he walked up the two candsdates looked sheepish. The trio talked about the weather, the crops and the defeat of the State ticket.

"I am going uptown," said Husted.

"And I am going downtown," said Cole.
And they separated, one going north and the other south.

In five minutess Husted returned and was geated at a table explaining to Mr. Shook why

seated at a table explaining to Mr. Shook why he voted for Miller for United States Senator. A side door flew open and in walked Mr.

Cole. "Did I leave my cane here?" afked Mr.

Cole.
"I really don't know," replied Mr. Husted.
"I know I forgot my gloves."
"Keep it up, gentlemen," exclaimed Mr.
Shook, "and there will be no danger of a
dark horse."
"Well, I declare," exclaimed Mr. Depew,
"ssuming his desk work, "it is quite an honor
to have the rival candidates for the Speakerthin call upper me at the same horse.

p call upon me at the same hour. Jimm ne of my regular callers, and as for you is one of my regular callers, and as for you Mr. Cole. you, of course, just dropped in." Just dropped in," replied Mr. Cole.

# IT LOOKED LIKE A BOMB.

Capt. Garland Carries Some Harmless Gaspipe to Hendquarters.

Police Capt. Garland carried to headquarters this morning an elongated package very carefully wrapped in paper. He said that it was a dynamite bomb that a Broadway policeman had found in front of the New York Hotel. It was his belief that an attempt had been made to blow up the hotel.

Supt. Murray and Inspector Steers made a very careful examination of the object. It was found to be a piece of gaspine with a

very careful examination of the object. It was found to be a piece of gaspipe with a percussion cap fitted to one end. There was no explosive material inside the pipe.

Supt. Murray and Inspector Steers smiled and Capt. Garland looked relieved when the harmless nature of the thing was discovered. It is supposed that some practical joker had dropped the thing in the street in front of the hotel for the purpose of creating an Anarchist scare.

# Miners Will Not Unite.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 17.—From an interview to-day with Isaiah Phillips, Master Workman of the Miners' Assembly 135. K. of L., it appears to be a foregone conclusion that the convention now in session at Columbus with the object of uniting the session at Columbus with the object of uniting the Miners' Federation and the Miners' Assembly, of the K. of L. will be a failure. Mr. Philips came direct from Columbus, where he consulted with efficials of both bodies and all he hopes for is a better understanding between the hitherto antagoniatic associations. The federation, he says, wants to absorb the Knights.

#### An Aged Woman Sent to the Workhouse SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]

Pirrisaung, Nov. 17.-The pitiable sight of a woman, eighty-six years of age, being sentenced to the workhouse for six months was witnessed here yesterday. She was convicted of seiling squor without a license.

A Branch of the Central Bank Falls. SAULT STE. MARIE, Nov. 17. — The branch of the Central Bank has closed its doors on the order of the central office in Toronto. Great extment prevails. Many business men have lost losts ranging from \$1,000 to \$5,000. A telegram in Toronto says the ourrency will be redeemed. A GREAT DAY FOR DEALS.

#### Baseball Men Continue Their Annual Se in This City.

A group of three men stood in a sunny spot in front of the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning. It lacked but five minutes of the time set for the opening of the second day's meeting of the Baseball League, which was 10 o'clock. But League meetings are proverbially late, and these were the first arrivals. They were the famous triumvirate of Boston, Messrs. Soden, Billings and Conant.

One by one the delegates arrived until a good-sized crowd has been formed, when an adjournment was taken to the hotel lobbies where the customary clusters were formed. Strange to say there was very little said in regard to the Brotherhood among the delegates. The prevailing topic of conversation seemed

The prevailing topic of conversation seemed to be the percentage question. But this was only the calm before the storm, for good authorities said that there would be a hot and aharp battle on the Brotherhood question before the sun went down to-night.

The work of yesterday's meeting was openly discussed. It seems to have given satisfaction to the majority of the delegates. The playing rules as amended yesterday, it is thought, will give much more satisfaction than formerly. The allowing of two extra players in case of injury will expedite playing, and will be fair to both clubs. Umpires were happy, as it looked as though their salaries would be greatly increased at the meeting to-day. They argue that a good umpire is worth as much as a good player, and the League directors are beginning to believe them.

There are many curious features in regard to the percentage system. President Stearns, of Detroit, is making a plucky fight for the amendment to allow visiting clubs \$200, with the privilege of taking in lieu thereof 30 per cent. of the gate receipts, instead of \$125, as at present. The "Big Three" from Boston are making the fight against it. Mr. Soden said to The World man:

"I don't blame President Stearns for mak-

present. The "Big Three" from Boston are making the fight against it. Mr. Soden said to The World man:

"I don't blame President Stearns for making a fight. I would do the same if I were in his position. But as it is we must fight against him. Director Soden hinted he might compromise. It is known that Soden has made a propotion that, if accepted, will have quite an important bearing on the club flying the championship pennant. It is that the champion club shall keep all its own receipts so long as it holds the championship pennant, or that it shall take or give 25 per cent. of the of the receipts. It is said that President Day, of New York, favors this plan.

Director Soden says that the League in this manner practically makes a present of at least \$20,000 to the club winning the championship. He estimates it will cost the Boston Club from \$5,000 to \$10,000.

This seems to be a day of deals. Just before the meeting commenced the Boston management offered \$12,000 for the release of Hardy Richardson and Thompson, of Detroit. President Stearns refused. It is understood that the offer will be raised to \$15,000. There is some talk about the methods adopted by certain clubs on the percentage system. They offer to vote a certain way if a certain player is given. It is characterized as bribery. The meeting was called to order at 11.20 o'clock.

#### "LABOR'S HARPED'S PERRY" Editor Tucker's Editorial on the Ex of the Chienge Anarchists.

SEPECIAL TO THE WORLD.1 Boston, Nov. 17 .- Liberty, the Boston gan of the Anarchists, to-day issues the first number since the Chicago executions. In the centre of the first page, and in

heavy black letters appear Byron's famous lines, beginning: They never fall who die in a great cause

This page, which is usually filled with reading matter, is otherwise blank. The editorial page has the following double-leaded leader:

TO THE BREACH. Comrades of the tragedy just enacted at Chi-cago, what is there to say? Of a deed so foul perpetrated upon men so brave, what words are adequate to paint the blackness on the one hand and the glory on the other? My heart was never so full, my pen never

on the one hand and the glory on the other? My heart was never so full, my peh never so halt; as I write the dying shout of noble Spies comes back to me from the scaffold: "At this moment our silence is more powerful than speech," but who speaks or who keeps silent, all of us I am certain will from tals time forth face the struggle before us with stouter hearts and firmer tread for the examples that have been set us by our murdered comrades. If we add to these a clearer vision, the result will not be doubtful.

And when it is sonieved and history shall begin to make up its verdict, it will be seen and acknowledged that the John Browns of America's industrial revolution were hanged at Chicago on the 11th of November, 1887. The labor movement has had its Harper's Ferry; when will come the emancipation proclamation? "Not good-bye but hall, brothers," telegraphed Josephine Tilton to Albert Parsons on the morning of the fatal day; "from the gallows trap the march shall be taken up. I will listen for the beating of the drum."

The drum tap has sounded; the foriorn hope has charged, the needed breach has been opened, myriads are falling into line; if we will but make the most of the opportunity so dearly purchased, victory will be ours.

If shall ne; it must be, For, as Proudhon says, "Like Nemesis of old, whom neither prayers nor threats could move, the revolution advances, with solemn and inevitable tread, over the flowers with which its devotees strew its path, through the blood of its champions and over the bodies of its enemies."

# It Brought Down the House,

[From the Tray Press.]

A Baptist minister of Virginia relates the following anecdote of his early ministry: When I was a young man, not long after the commencement of my ministrations, I beid a prayer-meeting at of my ministrations, I beid a prayer-meeting at my own house. It being customary for many of the congregation to remain for dinner, my wife sent our fiegro boy, Jeff, to neighbor Paul's for some butter. Jeff returned and located himself, standing on one foot at a time, at the back of the congregation. Being well warmed up in my sermon, thinking neither of Jeff, nor his errand, but only of the most successful mode of impressing on my hearers one of my strongest arguments. I demanded, with all the energy in my power:

"And what did Paul say?" Jeff, at the top of has shrill voice exclaimed: "He they ou couldn't git any more outter till you'd paid up for what you'd got!" This brought down the house and eat short one of the finest efforts of my early ministry. Since then I have wisely kept my preaching disconnected from my domestic affairs.

A Much Abused Title.

(From the Norwick Bulletin.) "Doctor" is a very promiscous title in America. The preacher is a "doctor." The school principal is a "doctor." The family physician is a "doctor." The druggist is a "doctor." The veterinary surgeon is a "doctor." The dentist is a "doctor," The manufacturer of patent medi-cines is a "doctor," The remover of pedal ex-cresences, "without pain" is a "doctor," And so on. There are almost as many "doctors" in the cresences "without pain" is a "doctor." And so on. There are almost as many "doctors" in the South. But this is a free country. In Germany, under the despotism of a monsresy, this freedom is not allowed. An American tooth carpenter has just been fined in Berlin for putting "Doctor" on his cards.

Dangerous Ground for Him.

[From the Norwich Bulletin. ! The Kingdom of Slam has just decided to adopt a new brass currency, and the government mints BANK STOCK SOLD CHEAP

RUMORS ABOUT THE COLUMBIA BANK AND THEIR ORIGIN.

Story that There Was Discord Among the Directors Denied—Explanction of the Sale of Some Shares Below Par-A Controlling Interest Purchased by Mr. Joseph Fox, Who Will Become President.

Rumors have been whispered about during he past week in reference to the affairs of the Columbia Bank, at Fifth avenue and Forty-second street.

According to the report, there had been discord in the management of the bank which had led to the practical disruption of the present Board of Directors. It was also said that a large block of its stock-in fact, a controlling interest-had passed into outside hands, and that an entirely new management would soon take charge, the old officers retiring. The price said to have been paid for the stock was \$68.75 per share, the par value of which was \$100. As the bank is an authorized depositary of State and city funds, and the market value of its stock was quoted at only \$68.75, fears were expressed as to the financial solidity of the institution. The capital of the bank is \$200,000, and its deposits have been in excess of \$1,000,000.

Mr. John H. Watson, the President, and D. H. Rowland, the cashier, were questioned today by a WORLD reporter about the rumors Mr. Rowland said:

" It is not true that a controlling interest in the bank has been sold at the rate of \$68.75 per share. The facts are that one of our directors hypothecated 150 shares of the stock, par value \$15,000, for \$10,000, and without the knowledge of the other directors this small block was put up at public anction last week. Only two gentlemen beside the auctioneer were present, one of them being Mr. Joseph Fox, who bought the stock at the low figure named. Since then Mr. Fox has secured a sufficient quantity of the stock to give him a controlling interest, but he paid above par for all the resi."

It was denied that there had been any discord in the Board of Directors, that the institution's credit or financial standing had been impaired in any way, or that the quoted price for its stock was any indication of weakness. It was claimed on the contrary that the bank was in a better condition than ever before. \$68.75 per share. The facts are that one of

that the bank was in a better condition than ever before.

It was acknowledged that Mr. Watson would retire from the Presidency at the beginning of the ensuing year and that Mr. Fox would succeed him as the executive head of the bank. Mr. Watson will still remain in the Board of Directors. Mr. Joseph Fox is the head of the Canal street clothing firm of Fox, Mendel & Brother.

The Columbia Bank is a State institution and was incorporated only a few years ago.

and was incorporated only a few years ago. It was supposed to have a connection with the Vanderbilts through Elliott F. Shephard, son-in-law of the late William H. Vanderbilt, who took an active interest in its organization, which he has since maintained, being

tion, which he has since maintained, being at present its counsel.

The officers of the bank are as follows: John H. Watson, President; Benjamin Griffen, Vice-President; David H. Rowland, Cashier. Directors—William M. Bliss, F. A. P. Barnard, President of Columbia College; William L. Strong, John H. Watson, Benjanin Griffen, Henry E. Russell, Daniel T. Hoag, Senator Leland Stanford, John H. Van Antwerp, William L. Skidmore, L. H. Babcock, Walter C. Stokes, Henry E. Merriam, William A. Fulton, Theodore E. Smith and A. Lester Heyer.

# DR. SAMUEL HALL INDURED.

Run Away With by His New Colts and Throw From His Buggy.

Dr. Hall, who is a cousin of the Rev. Dr. John Hall, and formerly was a Park Commisoner, was returning from a drive about 5.30 o'clock. In Fifth avenue, near Eleventh street, the leather socket holding the lay west of the main to the centre of the city of St. pole of the buggy broke, and the Louis, and belonged to that city. It contains horses, taking fright, ran away. They dashed through Tenth street, crossed Sixth avenue and turned so suddenly into Patchin

avenue and turned so suddenly into Patchin place that Dr. Hall was thrown out. His head struck a lamp-post. The horses were stopped by Battalion Chief Gicquel, of the Fire Department.

When Dr. Hall was picked up it was thought that his injuries were fatal. A closer examination showed that he had only received a very painful wound at the base of the skull. It is expected that he will be around in a day or two as usual.

The horses, a couple of colts which Dr. Hall has had only a short time, were not injured.

#### Why He Paid Up. [From the Chicago Herald.]

darky customer, " it has occurred to me that you are chronically disposed to pay cash for your whis-key and stand me off for your groceries and tooacco. Abe, do you know what the tramp said when he took the clothes from the line?" "Doan't know fo' suah, sah, but I reckon 'twa

sumn like what de Democrats said durin' de las' campaign—sumn 'bout habin' a change."
''Tnad's the point exactly. Now, Abe, you and I are going to have a 'change.' In the future you must pay cash for your groceries and tobacco or transfer your trade to some one elsa. This little account of yours has been running until it is nearly tired out." ired out,"
"How long has dat 'count been runnin', Mr.
Perkina!"

"Hed out."
"How long has dat 'count been runnin', Mr.
Perkins?"

'A little more than seven months."

'Is dat all? Why, sah, I once owed de ole
man Knickerbocker a 'count dat ran seben years.
Wot yer tink ob dat? I reckon dat 'count would
be runnin' yet if de ole man hadn't died. Powerful queer sin't it, wot a heap ob witality some ob
dese little 'counts hab. I tink, sah, if yer war to
apply a little ob de lie ob fo'bearance to dis yer
'count ob mine yer could make it run anodder
monf. Yah! Yah!
"Well, I don't propose to try," the groceryman
said, as he put the cheese-knife beyond Abe's
reach.

'S'pose yer will let me hab leetle flour 'casionally?"

'No funds, no flour."

'Any bacon?"

'No ta pound."

" Any bacon?"
" Not a pound."
" How 'oout de terbacker?"

"How bont de terbacker?"

"Not an ounce."

"Yer hab got de adwantage of me, sah, an' I spees I'll hab fer pay de 'count." And the old rascal took a ten-dollar nill from his pocket-book and handed it to the grocer. "I doan't mind 'bout de flour and de bacon, kase de ole woman's got pienty of cornificat, an' I ken lift a ham when de 'casion requires it, but when yer shut down on de terbacker yer depribe me ob de necessities ob life, an' its time suthin' was did. Gib me de balance in sugah."

Simon Cameron's Youth.

[From the Wilmington Messenger.]
There is an abundance of hard sense in Simon Cameron's venerable head. Take this for an in-My son Don had a great many sdvantages, but I had one that was worth all of them-poverty." There is a world of philosophic wisdom in this, and we are almost tempted to believe that the respected Pennsylvanian started life as a jourKIERNAN'S FIRM AT ODDS.

Mr. Sellivan Declares War in a Pithy Special Notice.

There is a prominent downtown house which, to put it as mildly as possible, is completely divided against itself. Whether or not it will tumble to

eces altogether is a question. The house referred to is that of John J. Klernan & Co., Wall street financial news agents. The members of the firm are John J. Kiernan and William P. Sullivan.

It has been known by the frequenters of the place that for some time there has been no love ost between the two partners.

A few minutes after 11 o'clock to-day some three and a balf yards of narrow tape was recled off

bearing the following:

KIRRAN'S NEW AGENCY, N. T., NOV. 17, 1887.

As a series of judgments against Mr. John J. Klernan have caused many inquiries to be made at this office, we beg to advise our friends, customers and all others interested, that this concern has no connection whatever with the individual operations of Mr. Klernan and is no way responsible for his financiering. We therefore caution all persons against negotiating any loan, check, draft, bill of szchange, promissory note or other evidence of value, purporting to be drawn, indorsed or accepted by John J. Klernan & Co., no matter by whom presented, as the business of this concern requires no such accommodation. Subscribers are particularly cautioned against making any advances to supperson whatsoever on subscriptions to our regularly authorized collector will carry with him proper credentials countersigned by Mr. William P. Sullivau, the managing parties. We are constrained to such subscriptions to constrained to recognize the constrained to recognize the constrained to contrained the force of the constrained to contrained the force of the force of the constrained to contrained the force of the constrained to contrained the force of the force SPECIAL NOTICE

authorized collector will carry with him proper credentials countersigned by Mr. William P. Sullivan, the managing parties. We are constrained to publish this notice because of the fact that we have recently been laformed that Mr. Klernan claims to have assigned his interest in this business to one P. J. Glesson, and has since the purperted making of such assignment obtained financial accommodation from some of our subscribers, who were not aware of the facts. Any person specially interested may obtain further information on the sunject by addressing his inquiry to William P. Sullivan at this office, John J. Kresnan & Co., Gibroad creek, New York.

Mr. Klernan immediately papared a counterstatement, which he sent to the firm's customers, saying that Sallivan's statement of his financial soundness was unwarranted by facts. He claimed that Sullivan's action was prompted by a desire to get culire control of the business. The partnership count of expires by limitation in November, 1888. Mr. Elernan had determined to dismiss his partner them at all hazards. Later in the day Mr. Kiernan sent a short explanation over the firm's ticker.

#### TRIED BY A COURT-MARTIAL.

Lient. Tount's Donial of the Charges of Disobedience and Misconduct.

Lieut, Emory H. Taunt, of the corvette Nipsic was arraigned before a court martial at the Brooklyn Navy-Yard this noon on charges of absence from his ship without leave, disobedience of orders and the excessive use of intexicating liquors. The and the excessive use of intoxicating liquors. The court comprised Capta. F. M. Ramsay, N. H. Farquar, T. F. Kane and C. M. Shoonmaker, and Commander George W. Coffin and George H. Walleigh, of Boston; E. M. Shepard, of Philadelphia; William H. Whiting and E. H. McCallalieut. Adoph Marix acted as Jadge Advocate. Lieutenant Taunt was defended by Lieut. Lemly of the Trenton and Past Assistant-Surgeon Herndon. He claimed that on the night of October 10 he cangit a severe cold while segring aboard the Nipsie, which sagravates the fever he contracted while in Africa. He obtained leave of absence then, The mailcious btained leave of absence then. The malle isobedience of orders to return to his vessel w disobedience of orders to return to his vessel when so instructed at the Sturievant House, Oct. 22, he denied, but claimed that he was unfit for duty by reason of fliness. He ridicaled the charge that for nine days he wilfully concealed himself. He also denied the charge of excessive use of intoxicants.

The result of the examination will probably be submitted to the Navy Department Monday.

# AN ISLAND ON ITS TRAVELS.

It Slides Across the Mississippi River and

Raises a Nice Legal Question. (Springfield (RL) Despatch to Chicago Tribune.)
The arguments were concluded before Judge Gresham to-day in the suit of ex-State Treasurer Rutz against Benjamin Seeger and the city of St. novel and interesting. Arsenal Island former lay west of the main channel of the Mississippi Louis, and belonged to that city. It contains about three hundred acres. The city gave Seeger a nominal lease to the island and put him in possession to take charge of it. Gradually the island moved away from its original anchorage, siid down the river, crossing the channel in its progress, and hatled on the lilinois side just off land in St. Clair County owned by Edmund Rutz. It assumed this position about 187a, Then, in its work of river improvement, the Government built a dike from the head of the island to the lilinois shore, and by natural deposits the remaining space between the Island and the original western line of Rutz's farm has been entirely filled up, so that the water's edge is now not at Rutz's original western boundary but at the west side of what was once Arsenal Island. In 1884 Rutz brought suit in the St. Chair County Circuit Court to eject Seeger from possession, cleiming all accretion on this shore frontage and riparian ownership to the centre of the river. The corporation of the city of St. Louis appeared in court at Helleville, was made a defendant in the suit as the actual owner and had the case transferred to the Federal Court in this city. The defense is that the island has merely implinged on Rutz's farm, is not a natural accretion and is entitled to move on again if the government will take its dyke away; that it rests there as a deposit upon the bottom and that Rutz never had any ownership in the bed of the stream, but owned only to the water's edge as it stood before the island infgrated from Missouri to Illinois. The booss present no case like this, and its decision will be an original contribution to American jurisprudence. It is a lake-front case with extraordinary features of its own.

#### Onlone and Fresh Paint. [From the Philadelphia Bulletin.]

"No," said a Pennsylvania Refiroad officer this morning; "that onion is not there to bring tears to my eyes when parting with dear friends, or to give me an appearance of sympathy when con-versing with the neggers to whom I must refuse versing with the neggars to whom I must refuse free passes. Do you notice how yellow it is? That is poison. For several days now we have been having the place painted, and the smell of the oil and turpentine at first made me sick. Yesterday I brought that onion down and out it in half, and it very effectually absorbed the deleterious part of the odor so that I have not been troubled since. It is a good thing to know, and if generally adopted where paint is around will save many a man—or woman, either, for that matter—an attack of nausea."

Sport in Texas.

(From the Willis Index.)

A wounded deer last week ran right through our town and was caught back of Capt, Smith's residence, where a wire fence had stopped it. Mr. G. W. Barron, while duck hunting at Grand Lake last week, shot a large black bear at very close range, but the shot in his gun were too amail to do more than bleed bruin coplously. A fight between a house cat and a 'possum which had their caudal appendages closely attached, was one of the sports provided by the town kids for their amusement last Sunday evening.

It Shocked the Youngster.

(From the Mucon Telegraph.)
There is no telling what goes on in the infantile mind, but from occasional slips of the tongue it is gathered that it is a grotesque and chaotic realm. A little Macon boy's mother when kneeling to pray with him was aconstomed to lift her eyes to-wards the chandeller and keep them there. One day the youngster came in, and, glancing at the chandeller, exclaimed: "Manma, look er you-der. The files are all eyer God!"

BAKER PASHA IS DEAD.

HIS CAREER AS A SOLDIER AND GENERAL IN THE BRITISH ARMY.

Prof. Virehow's Statement Concerning His Diagnosis of the Crown Prince's Malady -Irritated by Certain Reports-His Imperial Highness' Condition To-day is Satisfactory-Physicians Are Hopeful.

SEPECIAL CABLE TO THE WORLD, I LONDON, Nov. 17 .- Valentine Baker Pashe

Valentine Baker was born in England in 1825 and is the son of Samuel Baker, esq., and brother of Sir Samuel Baker. He en-tered the British army 1825 and is the son

tered the British army in 1848 and served through the Kaffir was of 1852-3, and in the Crimea during the campaign of '55: In 1860 he took command of the Tenth Hussars, but resigned to travel in the East. He went throhgh Persia and Afghanistan to study the topography of the country between the Russian and British frostiers, and on his return published a book entitled 'Clouds in the East.' In 1874 he was appointed Assistant Quartermaster. General at Aldershot, but in the following year, in consequence of the issue of the trial of

was appointed Assistant Quartermaster-General at Aldershot, but in the following year, in consequence of the issue of the trial of "The, Queen vs. Baker," he was dismissed the service and sent to prison. He began a new military career in 1877 in the Turkish Empire. The first position he held was that of Major-General in the army and he was employed in organizing the gendarmerie. In August of that year he went to Shumla as staff military adviser to the Turkish commander, and was conspicuous throughout the campaign on the Loru. He embodied the history of the war in a work entitled "The War in Bulgaria." After the English successes in Egypt the organization of the gendarmeric in that country was put under his charge, and in 1884, on the defeat of Hicks Pasha, Gen. Baker, known as Baker Pasha, made an attempt to relieve Tokar, but was defeated Feb. 5, 1884.

Since then repeated attempts have been

eb. 5, 1884. Since then repeated attempts have been made to secure his reinstatement in the British army. Besides the works referred to, he wrote "The British Cavalry," 1858; "Our National Defenders," the British army. Besides the work referred to, he wrote "The British Cavalry," 1858; "Our National Defenders," 1860. He is also known as a writer on sub-jects relating to army reform and the em-ployment of cavalry.

#### PROF. VIRCHOW'S STATEMENT.

He is Irritated by Reports Which Have Come from Sir Morell Mackenzie. [SPECIAL CABLE TO THE WORLD.]

BERLIN, Nov. 17 .- At the meeting to-night of the Berlin Medical Society, which was numerously attended by local physicians, including Profs. Von Bergmann and Toboldt, Prof. Virchow delivered an address on the part he had taken in the diagnosis of the Crown Prince's malady. I have been favored with the following.

which is the gist of the professor's remarks: A small particle extracted from the growth on the Crown Prince's left vocal chord was given to him in May for microscopie examination. This particle he pronounced, after careful examination, to be sound and nonmalignant, but he worded his report and made his opinion dependent on so many contingencies that every medical man could have immediately inferred that though the particle examined was itself non-malignant, he did not exclude the possibility of the existence of cancer in the immediate neighborhood of the place whence the par-Louis. The Court allowed three weeks for the ticle was extracted. Moreover, he was comcase under advisement. The points involved are pelled by a sense of tact not to express this be laid before the nearest relatives of His Imperial Highness; but he repeated that every medical man could and ought to have understood his meaning. For some time past he had been extremely irritated when reading reports supposed to have emanated from Sir Morell Mackenzie that, notwithstanding the above-mentioned interpretation of his report, the English specialist has tried to lay the responsibility of the treatment he recom-

mended on him (Prof. Virehow.) No discussion took place, but the statement

created a profound impression. A telegram from San Remo states that, notwithstanding the unusually cold and rainy weather, the physicians have expressed themselves satisfied with the Prince's condition under the present circumstances of the case. An examination of His Imperial Highness's throat yesterday showed that the ordenatous swelling has now entirely disappeared, and that no immediate apprehension need therefore be entertained of difficulty in breathing or swallowing. The other local symptoms of the throat are also declared to be comparatively satisfactory, and no fear, therefore exists that tracheotomy will be necessary. It is added that the Crown Prince's general condition is excellent. His spirits are somewhat depressed, chiefly owing to his being compelled to remain indoors by advice of his physicians, but otherwise he appears cheerful, and his appetite continues satisfactory.

IS TIPPOO TIB A TRAITOR?

He Falled to Reinforce Explorer Stanley a Tambuga-Rumored Fighting.

INPECIAL CABLE TO THE WORLD. I BRUSSELS, Nov. 17. - News received by mail from the Congo says that Tippoo Tib failed to keep his promise to reinfore the explorer Stanley at Yambuya. whether his failure was due to treachery or to the opposition of neighboring tribes is not known. It is unofficially rumored here that there has been nighting between natives and Stanley's force, and that the rear guard of the latter has been cut off.

Train Would Buy the Provinces.

WATERVILLE, Me., Nov. 17.—Citizen George Francis Train made his very last speech on American soil here last night. He told how he intro-duced Turkish baths into Ireland, and discussed his personal history. He said he was going to St. John, and closed by saying: "Were I not leaving native land forever I would offer Sir John MacDonald one million cash in hand for Provinces."

MEASURING UNCLE SAM. The Old-World Tourists Ply Their Little

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Foot-Sticks on Uncle Sam's Ample Di-mensions, "It Amazes Them and Docan't Hurt Me."

HERR MOST ARRESTED.

Taken Into Castody After Inspector Byrne had been Before the Grand Jury.

Inspector Byrnes held a short consultation with District - Attorney Martine this morning, after which he went before the Grand Jury. Neither the Inspector nor the District-Attorney

would admit that Inspector Byrnes's visit had to to with the possible indictment of Arch-Anarchist Most, though that idea prevailed in the office. Most was not in his office at two o'clock this af-

ternoon, and people in the some building said that e had just been arrested. The inspector was in consultation with Assistan District-Attorney Lindsay, who has charge of the work of drawing important indictments, and it is believed that one has been found against the

Anarchist leader. Herr Most was arrested at his office at 12,45 this fternoon by Detective Sergeants Heidelberg and Van Gerichton.

ONLY PROFESSIONALLY BITTER.

Bloodless Collision Between Mrs. Paras Stevens's Legal Priends and Foce.

There was another adjournment to-day of the proceedings before Surrogate Rollins in which Mrs. Paran Stevens seeks the removal

which Mrs. Paran Stevens seeks the removal of her fellow trustees of the estate of her husband, Messrs. John S. Melcher, Charles L. Stevens and George F. Richardson, Ex. Judge Noah Davis, counsel for Mr. Stevens, asked for an adjournment in order to familiarize himself with the case.

John E. Burrill, counsel for the trustees, said that the litigation was the result of Mrs. Stevens's perversity. Counsel had been engaged and discharged by her, and he was tired of waiting for new counsel to educate themselves.

supposed to be on the look out for Mrs. Stevens's interests as counsel for her trustee, he was in reality and had been for fifteen years the constatt traducer of her.

years the constact traducer of her.

"That is a falsehood," retorted Mr. Burrill, hotly. "And we will settle that somewhere else."

"I'll settle it at Phillippi, or anywhere you like," rejoined Mr. Calvin.
"Gentlemen! Gentlemen!" expostulated the venerable ex-Judge Davis. "I hope you you will bear in mind the statute against violence."

Surrogate Rollins adjourned the hearing to Nov. 30. Then the three snowy haired legal combatants left the court-room chatting

WALLS BLOWN INTO THE STREET.

Two Women Believed to be Buried in the Ruins at Syracuse-One Man Taken Out. ISPECIAL TO THE WORLD, 1

STRACUSE N. Y., Nov. 17, -The front walls o

uins of the fire at Barney, Lumbley & Co. 's were blown over into the street at 1 o'clock.

At 1.15 one man had been taken out with his head smashed. Two women are believed to be buried under the ruins and possibly others are

How Famous Men Write Books. [Washington Correspondence Philadelphia Press,] Bancroft uses a typewriter and stenographer,

but he thinks 250 words a good day's work, and James G. Blaine thought he was doing well when he was writing his book when he accompitched 1,500 words of a morning. One of the fastest writers among the public men of to-day is Admiral Forter, whose brain works like the wheel of a dynamo throwing off sparks at every turn, and whose penoli rushes across the paper at almost telegraphic speed. Admiral Porier wrote his history of the United States Navy in eleven months. telegraphic speed. Admiral Porter wrote his history of the United States Navy in eleven months, and during this time his average was at least 75,000 words a month, or nearly 2,500 words a day, including Sundays. The book is as big as a digitionary, and it contains from 70,000 to 500,000 words. During many of these days he did not write at all, and his average during his working period ran as high as 5,000 words a day. Admiral Porter is fond of writing. He never uses anything now but a lead pench, and he says he can not think well without he has his pencil in his hand. He had a slight attack of pen paralysis once, and his hand refuses to act whenever his finger touches the steel of the pen. He began his novel writing for amusement, and he wrote "Alian Date" without any idea that it would be published, much less dramatized. He stands up while writing, and when he becomes interested he works right along for hours at a stretch. George Bancroff works only in the morning. Blaine did his best work before noon, and Logan worked both morning and evening.

Prob Predicts Ulster Weather.

Cole WASHINGTON, NOV. 11 .-For Connecticut and Eastern New York; colder, fair; tight to fresh winds, shifting to north-toesterty and increasing

### HE KISSED LANGTRY'S SHOES

THE LILY GIVES REASONS FOR MR. BILLIARD'S LATEST MOVE.

He Was Very Polite and the Flowers that He Sent Her Were Very Many-And Then He Used to Knock at Her Pressing-Room Door-The Bareness Blanc Says Mrs. Hilliard was Not Ogled from Hor Box on Monday Night.

There was but one opinion on Broadway this morning about Mr. Robert Hilliard's so-called affray with Mrs. Langtry, and that was that there was more in the story than has yet been heard. It has been common talk for some time that when Mr. Hilliard first joined Mrs. Langtry. he was effusively polite. Perhaps polite would hardly be the correct word. It was predicted by a theatrical prophet that Mr. Hilliard would very soon follow Mr. Mendum, Mrs. Langtry's private manager. The enterprising Mendum, it will be remembered, was also said to have been too polite. He

Robert Hilliard strutted about Broadway this morning, wearing a boutonniere as large as a cabbage. He informed several of his Mohican Club friends that he didn't think Mrs. Langtry would let him play to-night. "She's up to something," he said.

Mr. Hilliard was mistaken, as great minds can occasionally be, if he thought that Mrs. Langtry was discussing him. She was seated in one of the daintiest little reception rooms in this city, talking about her house

in this city, talking about her house places with Baroness Blane, the lady who was in the box with Mr. Gebhard on the night when it is alleged that he ogled Mrs. Dixey and Mrs. Hilliard.

"I hate to talk about this subject," said Mrs. Langtry, as her mind was gently brought to the afray. She was looking unusually pretty in a dark blue serge dress trimmed with green velvet.

"Why should you hate it," remarked the Baroness sharply. "Talk about it, and set yourself right."

yourself right." The fact is," said Mrs. Langtry, "that the whole thing is so preposterous that I need hardly say that it is born of vindictive-

Or a craving for notoriety," suggests d the

ness.

"Or a craving for notoriety," suggests d the Baroness.

"I had been very much annoyed by Mr. Hilliard for some time," said Mrs. Langtry. "Imagine my vexation when he tried to kiss my shoes. That he positively did, and I was thoroughly annoyed because that is not exactly the occupation I like to see gentlemen in my company pursus. I was not wearing the shoes at the time. My dresser told me of Mr. Hilliard's exploit.

"His gifts of flowers," she went on, "were simply wearisome. Why an unimportant member of my company should annoy me in such a way, I cannot tell. Then he would come to my dressing-room door and tell mo that he thought I was the most righteous woman on earth. He would knock a dozen times for admission, but I shouted through the door: 'Say all you've got to say now. I can hear you.' What he had to say was positively of no consequence, I can assuae you. It was extremely disasteful to me—all this business, and at last it grew to be intolerable, and I could stand it no longer. Mr. Hilliard has been very extremely stupid in my company, and why should I be bothered with such an undesirable member. I hate men who stay out all night—especially if these subcomes known," she added, laughing, sit did in Mr. Hilliard's case."

"And now," said Baroness Blanc, "a word about that box. The gentlemen in it were there at my invitation, and I positively assert that the ogling story is absolutely untrue. The gentlemen would not have been guilty of such an indiscretion in my presence."

themselves.

Ex.Judge Davis replied quietly and with an amused smile. "Most of the delays have been made by Mr. Burrill's most constant friend—or foe—the gout."

Then ex-Surrogate Calvin, also counsel for Mrs. Stevens, said that the most apparent that the been said that the most apparent that the oping story is absolutely untrue. The gentlemen would not have been guilty of such an indiscretion in my presence."

"And," continued Mrs. Langtry, "I always watch the boxes and if that box curtain had been raised I should have known it. Between the acts they could not have done anything of the kind, as I myself was with ladder.

Between the acts they could not have done anything of the kind, as I myself was with them. As for following the ladies after the performance, I will say that Mr. Keogh, my manager, met them that is, the gentleman said to have frightened the others away. Both Mrs. Divey and Mrs. Hilliards were quite satisfied with their evening's entertainment. They were at the theatre by my courtesy. This story is wholly born of vindictiveness.

"Don't forget the desire for advertisement," again suggested the Barones.

"I suppose Mrs. Hilliard wants to go on the stage," laughed Mrs. Langtry, "and this ogling business is meant to advertise her. You'll probably hear of her appearance in a month. Before I forget it," jumping up excitedly, "do please deny the ridiculous statement that I said Modjeska was old and grotesque. I admire her greatly and have grotesque. I admire her greatly and have known her for years. Hilliard is cruel in his

spite."
"Will he play to-night?"
"Why not?" asked Mrs. Langtry in bland surprise, "He is engaged for two weeks longer. Why shouldn't he play? Really, Mr. Hilliard is making himself too absurdly important. He was sent to Coventry last night by my company, who saw him haranguing fourteen newspaper men. He is toomay I say it?—fresh."

Mr. Demarti's Impulsive Conduct. rested at about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon for stealing a watch from Garani Demarti, of 61 Mulstealing a watch from Garani beamrii, of a mub-berry street. Upon denying that he stole the watch Demarti grabbed him by the collar and pulled an old-fashioned pistol upon bim and threstened to shoot him-but falling to find the watch had him arrested. Demartin was neld in \$1,000 bail to answer. A counter charge was made against Demarti for-carrying concealed weapons. He was held in \$1,500 bail to answer.

Stevenson Out of the Fight. THE WORLD representative who saw the CarnetdeAulife battle, declared he would act

further,
"Those fresh Boston reporters gave everybody
dead away," he said, "and I'm not going to prison
for anybody. Carney would have won. Sure. I
have advised the pugilists to look to the stakeholder
for further developments. I wash my hands of
the affair."

Tobacco, Trade-Marks and Tariff. At the Cigar Manufacturers' Convention in the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-day, a committee of seven was appointed to petition Congress

for a revision of the tariff laws relating to imported tobacco and also for a change in the Internal Revenue laws governing the tobacco trade. A committee of three was appointed to visit Washington and urgo the adoption of measures for the registration and protection of trade-marks. Powder Kills Two Men in Texas.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 17.—The factory of the Union Powder Company, near here, was blown to atoms this morning. Fifteen hundred pounds of powder ignited and shook everything for miles around. S. S. Carter, President of the company, and a man named Guilek were killed.

are on the lookout for fine specimens of orass for smelling. Book agents would do well to give slam a wide-berth for a few months. De Not Live er a pions fool. Use PAIN PAINS and be happy. ...